

Sharepoint Web Parts Questions

Here are some simple questions about the software

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- 1)What is the benefit from using summary view?
- 2)How can you match the color to an exact match on the page?
- 3)what will happen when you click the css property?
- 4)what is A "dirty page"?
- 5)what indicates that you have a dirty page?
- 6)what key on the keyboard allows you to change the margins
- 7)what key on the keyboard allows you to change the cell padding?
- 8)How do you preview you page in the web browser??

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- 9)How do you create a work flow?
- 10)what are some examples of workflow actions that are available and what do they do?
- 11)what part of the screen would you check to see if your workflow has been created successfully?
- 12)why use workflows?

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these are questions i need help with, i do not have the soft in front of me right now, for i am not at my home computer, and will not be there for another 1 week and a half or so.

Answer :: du get the answers for this questions,if so let us know [Read More](#)

We have a sharepoint site that has stopped working after a web part was removed. Sadly we cannot add the web part back in since this error occurs whenever a script to add the webpart runs. The error is caused because a form with id CTL01 is missing, so it's property MSOGallery_FilterVisible has a null value. If I could allow the browser to continue running the script without halting on this error then I'd be able to add the webpart back in stop the error permanently. I have admin rights to the site, but not the server (so cannot go in the backdoor to edit the code directly), and the front door (i.e. sharepoint's interface) doesn't work because of this error.

Any tips greatly appreciated. I have FireFox 3 IE7 installed, but can use other browsers if anyone knows of something that should work.

Thanks in advance,

JB

Answer :: You can't do anything from the client side.

You have to get to the source on the server.

If you can get to the site, then upload a form with the correct id to the right folder and this should get your past your error. [Read More](#)

I have a sharepoint site that has problems loading a third party web part. When I reset IIS and then try to load the page, the web part errors out (some kind of initialization error). If I then open the web.config file for that site and immediately save it (without changing anything), I can then load the page ok. This is because when you save the web.config file, it

[causes IIS to reload the application. It looks like something is not happening during the initial startup of IIS \(or maybe some invalid cached information is not clearing\). I'm hoping to understand how IIS initializes and that this will help me resolve the issue.](#)

Answer :: Can you post your web.config file and the actual error as part of your details? It may help some answerers in determining the offending part.

Is your initialization error the "Format of the initialization string does not conform to specification starting at index 0" error?

You can also try Microsoft's Sharepoint Configuration Analyzer tool that analyzes and reports on installation and content. [http://www.microsoft.com/resources/docum...](http://www.microsoft.com/resources/documentation/wss/2/all/adminguide/en-us/stswp04.mspx?mfr=true) [Read More](#)

[How can I let the HTML form tag <input type=submit ...> show its results on a new page?](#)

[I want to have a google search bar located in a small frame on my homepage \(actually a sharepoint pageviewer web part\), but the results of the code below return the results in the same small frame. When the user hits "search", I want the results to show up in a new page. How can I do that?](#)

```
&lt;html&gt;
&lt;center&gt;
&lt;FORM method=GET action="http://www.google.com/search"&gt;
&lt;input type=hidden name=ie value=UTF-8&gt;
&lt;input type=hidden name=oe value=UTF-8&gt;
&lt;INPUT TYPE=text name=q size=40 maxlength=255 value=""&gt;
&lt;INPUT type=submit name=btnG VALUE="Search"&gt;
&lt;/FORM&gt;
&lt;/center&gt;
&lt;/html&gt;
```

[Thanks!](#)

Answer :: use target attribute in form tag.
target tells browser in wich window/frame it has to load the page...

```
ex. &lt;form method="GET" action="[URL]" target="[name_of_form]"&gt;
```

here is a modified code

```
&lt;html&gt;
&lt;center&gt;
&lt;FORM method=GET action="http://www.google.com/search" target="..."&gt;
&lt;input type=hidden name=ie value=UTF-8&gt;
&lt;input type=hidden name=oe value=UTF-8&gt;
&lt;INPUT TYPE=text name=q size=40 maxlength=255 value=""&gt;
```

```
&lt;INPUT type=submit name=btnG VALUE="Search"&gt;
&lt;/FORM&gt;
&lt;/center&gt;
&lt;/html&gt; .... Read More
```

[I am building a site using sharepoint services 3.0. I want to display a Particular Page from my sharepoint site into a different page that is also in that sharepoint site. For example, the page that I want to show is "Sample.aspx" and the page where I want "Sample.aspx" to be placed as an <iframe> is "Master.aspx." Now I have created the "Sample.aspx" and it doesnt have a height more than 100px. In order to create a <iframe> I used the Page Viewer web part and located <http://server/Sample.aspx> and set the height to 800px so that its enough for the <iframe> to show the Sample.aspx without have to show a scroll bar. Now this works fine in internet explorer but when you browse using FireFox, you can see a huge 800px scroll bar which is not supposed to be there because the sample.aspx page has a smaller height that is not bigger than 100px. Now, how can I remove the scroll bar from displaying in Firefox?](#)

Answer :: I have never used SharePoint services, but if you can edit the HTML, go to the IFRAME tag:

```
&lt;iframe src="Sample.aspx" ... ..&gt;...&lt;/iframe&gt;
```

and add the attribute SCROLLING="no".

```
&lt;iframe scrolling="no" src="Sample.aspx" ... ..&gt;...&lt;/iframe&gt; .... Read More
```

[I want to create a nested menu in a 2003 sharepoint site by using the content editor web part. I pulled some html/js off the net but it won't run in sharepoint. I read that it should work but have unable to get it to run. I am HTML rookie.](#)

Answer :: Open the page in FrontPage:

Since you are an HTML rookie, you probably wont know wheere to paste the code in. Here's how to figure it out:

1. Open in FrontPage, in Design View.
2. Mark the spot you want to paste the text in with 'xxx'.
3. Change to Code view (click 'code view' in the lower left corner).
4. Find the xxx by searching for it ([CTRL]+F).
5. Select the xxx and paste the code in.

Save and open it in explorer to see if it worked. [Read More](#)

[If you haven't gone there yet, I'd start with the SharePoint™ Products and Technologies Web Component Directory at <http://www.microsoft.com/sharepoint/downloads/components/default.asp> and then explore the free web parts directory at <http://www.wssdemo.com/Pages/FilterLinks.aspx?type=WEB%20Parts%20-%20freemenu=Resources> . The SharePoint Customization Kit at <http://www.sharepointcustomization.com/resources/webpartspacs.htm>](#)

[rel="nofollow">http://www.sharepointcustomization.com/r...](http://www.sharepointcustomization.com/r...) has downloadable templates, tools and web packages - free of charge. MSD2D, a popular resource for the Microsoft Exchange, SharePoint, .NET and server security communities at [rel="nofollow">http://www.ms2d.com/Webparts_view_03.aspx?section=Sharepoint](http://www.ms2d.com/Webparts_view_03.aspx?section=Sharepoint) [rel="nofollow">http://www.ms2d.com/Webparts_view_03.as...](http://www.ms2d.com/Webparts_view_03.as...) has a large directory of free and trial web parts in a host of categories, complete with peer comments and implementation discussions that can be a big help when you're just starting out with the SharePoint model. Registration is free. The SharePoint Resource Portal at [rel="nofollow">http://portal.sharepointsolutions.com/Web%20Parts/default.aspx](http://portal.sharepointsolutions.com/Web%20Parts/default.aspx) [rel="nofollow">http://portal.sharepointsolutions.com/We...](http://portal.sharepointsolutions.com/We...) has some great tips - especially for the non-programmer - for implementing and customizing web parts and is a great resource as a whole (be sure to navigate up to the home page and explore at will). Advis has some killer web parts, and even their best, and somewhat costly, web parts are available as free demo versions - many are even free of charge. And no list would be complete without giving props to Adam Macauley and all the people at CorasWorks, a hosting company and consultancy specializing in everything SharePoint. Adam's built a good many of the free web parts on the Microsoft component directory, and some of the best are traditionally available either free of charge or as full-featured demos in their sandbox - all from their site at [rel="nofollow">http://www.corasworks.net/Products/Softw...](http://www.corasworks.net/Products/Software/WebParts/index.html) . Take a look at their vertical market and industry-specific solutions to see how the various parts work together and what they, or similar components from other sources, can do for your user community. And this is just a start. I have a large web part catalog and resource directory that I share with my clients, but space and time limit how much can be shared in this forum (or at least this post). Feel free to msg me anytime at buck@sfsharepoint.info . And best of luck to you and your team with your own SharePoint rollout.

Answer :: After all the work that poor guy put into that answer, you couldn't even pick him for the best answer...sheesh.

Pick the first answer as best, just trying to resolve this old question. [Read More](#)

[I am using the Announcements and Link web parts in Sharepoint Designer 2007. How do I remove the "Add New Announcement" and "Add New Link" links? I do not want them shown unless the person browsing is an admin.](#)

Answer :: You need to set your security permissions by user groups within SharePoint. Depending on their privileges will dictate what they can and cannot do. You can customize their exact abilities within the environment as well. You can lock down web part controls in Central Administration as well. Remember that the ability to do anything in sharepoint is based on the end users role. Within Portal or WSS this remains true. Designer is not the place you want to set these settings at either. You need to use Site Collection administration for this. [Read More](#)

[lets make a page of all known free \(totally free only!!!\) solutions available for sharepoint and wss.](#)

Answer :: chek the internet [Read More](#)

[Trying to figure out how to upgrade SharePoint 2003 web parts?](#)

Answer :: This is a complicated process and will require some knowledge of computer science and other key areas.

Windows SharePoint Services uses a different strategy for upgrading a page depending on whether or not it has been customized (unghosted).

Windows SharePoint Services tracks whether a Web site was created through a Windows SharePoint Services

2.0 (web server extensions\60) or Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 (web server extensions\12) site definition. A Web site can be upgraded by virtue of having an update definition that translates front-end site definition files that have not been customized. After the upgrade process, any references to uncustomized front-end files are mapped from the \web server extensions\60 directory to \Web server extensions\12.

Not every Web site is upgraded from \60 to \12 at the time of initial upgrade. Any existing site definitions that do not have upgrade paths will still function, but continue to point to their \60 pages. Also, a Web site that is updated from \60 to \12 may still have Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 pages (in other words, no master page, no Web Part manager) that have been customized and thereby stored in the database.

At the time of parsing and rendering a page, Windows SharePoint Services determines which Web site the page is associated with, and therefore, whether uncustomized (ghosted) files on the front-end Web server are Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 or Windows SharePoint Services 3.0. Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 pages are not directly compatible with Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 standards. These pages run in a compatibility mode if the site has not been upgraded, but after an upgrade definition is applied and the site is upgraded, Windows SharePoint Services assumes that the pages are fully compatible with Microsoft ASP.NET 2.0. This means, for example, that they have a Web Part manager if they contain Web Part zones, that they have valid control IDs, and that they are associated with a master page.

Page Compatibility

In Windows SharePoint Services 2.0, customized pages in the database were parsed using the Windows SharePoint Services parser, which had different tolerances from the ASP.NET parser. If a page contains malformed markup language, it may be that while the page worked in Windows SharePoint Services Windows SharePoint Services 2.0, it will not work in ASP.NET and the new version of Windows SharePoint Services because of differences between the parsers.

The new Windows SharePoint Services parser addresses a subset of known breaking issues in page markup, including the following:

Invalid control IDs that are not compliant with ASP.NET, such as when a name is invalid because the ID begins with a number or unsupported character, the ID is an empty string, or the ID is not unique with respect to other IDs on the page. This modification may break the page in the case where client-side script relies on the former ID names.

Known attributes inserted in the page by Windows SharePoint Services (for example, __Preview, __Error, __Web PartId, WebPart) are handled by implementing the SharePoint IAttributeAccessor interface on Web Parts.

Removal of Trace attributes.

Addition of appropriate directives for registering tags like <WebPart:WebPartZone> or <SharePoint:Theme>.

Windows SharePoint Services does not attempt to fix the following breaking issues on pages:

Unknown attributes on controls.

Presence of `<object runat=server>` tags.

Databinding expressions present inside attributes (`<% ... %>`).

Windows SharePoint Services stores a version integer for each customized page in the database. When a customized page is browsed, SharePoint checks the version number of the page. If the version number corresponds to an un-upgraded Windows SharePoint Services 2.0, SharePoint fixes these various breaking issues and updates the page behind the scenes.

Version 2 Layouts Pages in Version 3

Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 layouts pages typically refer to out-of-the-box layout files that are installed to the `\Web Server Extensions\60\TEMPLATE\LAYOUTS\Locale_ID` setup directory. Because Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 layouts files are now stored in a language-independent folder, Windows SharePoint Services automatically sets up a redirect that navigate users from `/_layouts/Locale_ID/nameofoldpage.aspx` to `/_layouts/newpage.aspx`.

Layout pages in general are keyed to use a master page that is set through the `Microsoft.SharePoint.SPWeb.MasterUrl` property. For Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 site definitions, this property should refer to a master page that retains a Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 look and feel.

Upgrading Web Parts

Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 Web Parts continue to function in Windows SharePoint Services 3.0, although they require a few changes in their configuration. If you create a new Web application to host a Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 installation, the `web.config` file for that installation must be updated to include additional safe control and code access security (CAS) policy settings.

Although the general level of CAS restrictions remains the same in Windows SharePoint Services 3.0, the Windows SharePoint Services policy files have been modified to make them contemporary for ASP.NET 2.0. For this reason, it is not generally possible to re-use Windows SharePoint Services 2.0 CAS policy files in Windows SharePoint Services 3.0. The best option is to make a copy of the Windows SharePoint Services 3.0 `wss_minimaltrust.config` file and incrementally add permissions as necessary

I assume this is part of a upgrade. Remember to avoid errors by upgrading all areas of your current enviornment.
.... [Read More](#)

[I need to get hold of a textbox value and use javascript to do some calculation on that value then write it back to that textbox.](#)

[I am developing a sharepoint web part using VS 2005!](#)

Answer :: good question, but, it need more details, as than it will clarify it better. [Read More](#)

